

BRANZ Fire Test Report

FH17311-01-1

CONE CALORIMETER TEST OF INTEGRA AAC PANEL PAINTED WITH LIMELOCK AND RESENE X200 IN ACCORDANCE WITH ISO 5660: PART 1 (2002)

CLIENT

Rockcote Resene Limited T/A Resene Construction Systems 5 Venture Place Middleton Christchurch, 8024 New Zealand



All tests and procedures reported herein, unless indicated, have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation



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TEST SUMMARY

Objective

To conduct cone calorimeter testing and reduce the data in accordance with ISO 5660 Part 1: (2002) as specified in New Zealand Building Code (NZBC) Acceptable Solutions C/AS1 and C/AS2 Appendix C C7.1, on client supplied specimens for the purposes of determination of the cladding material type performance in accordance with:

- NZBC Acceptable Solution C/AS1 Table 5.1
- NZBC Acceptable Solution C/AS2 Table C1.3

Test sponsor

Rockcote Resene Limited T/A Resene Construction Systems 5 Venture Place Middleton Christchurch, 8024 New Zealand

Description of test specimens

The products as described by the client as nominally 50 mm thick Integra AAC Panel with a mineral base coat and mineral texture painted with Limelock and Resene X200.

Date of tests

30th June and 13th July 2023

Test results

For the purposes of compliance with the relevant building code documents, the following classification is considered applicable to the tested samples as described in Section 1.

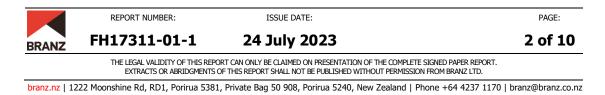
Building Code Document	Cladding Material Type
NZBC Acceptable Solutions C/AS1 Table 5.1	$< 100 \text{ kW/m}^2 \text{ and } < 25 \text{ MJ/m}^2$
NZBC Acceptable Solutions C/AS2 Table C1.3	Туре А

LIMITATION

The results reported here relate only to the item/s tested.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

This report is issued in accordance with the Terms and Conditions as detailed and agreed in the BRANZ Services Agreement for this work.



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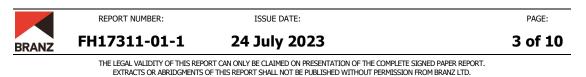
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1. GENERAL

1.1 Sample description

The product submitted by the client for testing was identified by the client as nominally 50 mm thick Integra AAC Panel with a mineral base coat and mineral texture painted with Limelock and Resene X200. Figure 1 illustrates representative specimens of those tested.

Figure 1: Representative specimen (front face on left, back face on right)



1.2 Sample measurements

The following physical parameters were measured for each specimen prior to testing.

Client ID	Specimen ID	Initial properties		Overall	Colour
		Mass (g)	Mean thickness (mm)	apparent density (kg/m³)	
Integra ACC Panel with Limelock &	FH17311-1-50-2	327.1	47.0	696	White
	FH17311-1-50-3	320.1	48.0	667	White
Resene X200	FH17311-1-50-4	305.2	47.2	647	White

Table 1: Physical parameters



2. EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

2.1 Test standard

The tests were carried out and data reduced according to the test procedures described in ISO 5660: 2002, Reaction-to-fire tests – Heat release, smoke production and mass loss – Part 1: Heat release rate (the test standard). The sample preparation and test procedure were as described in 2.4 and 2.6.

except as follows:

- a test duration of 15 minutes, and
- the total heat release measured from start of the test

2.2 Test date

The tests were conducted on 30th June and 13th July 2023 by Ms Lisa Grant at BRANZ Limited laboratories, Judgeford, New Zealand.

2.3 Specimen conditioning

All specimens were conditioned to moisture equilibrium (constant weight), at a temperature of 23 \pm 2°C and a relative humidity of 50 \pm 5% immediately prior to testing.

2.4 Special weathering

According to Acceptable Solutions Appendix C C7.1.3, timber claddings which have a fireretardant treatment incorporated in or applied to them are required to be subjected to the regime of accelerated weathering described in ASTM D 2898 Method B with the water flow rate from Method A before testing. The tested specimens were not timber claddings and therefore were not subjected to the accelerated weathering.

2.5 Specimen wrapping and preparation

All tests were conducted, and the specimens prepared in accordance with the test standard. The spark igniter and the stainless-steel retainer frame were used. All specimens were wrapped in a single layer of aluminium foil, covering the unexposed surfaces.

2.6 Test programme

The test program consisted of three replicate specimens as identified in Table 1, tested at an irradiance level of 50 kW/m². All tests were carried out with the specimen horizontal, and with a nominal duct flow rate of 0.024 m³/s.

2.7 Specimen selection

BRANZ was not involved in the selection of the materials submitted for testing. The test materials used were supplied to the laboratory by the client.



TEST RESULTS AND REDUCED DATA 3.

3.1 Test results and reduced data - ISO 5660

Table 2: Test results and reduced data – ISO 5660

Material			ens as described i ordance with ISO	lescribed in Section 1 with ISO 5660)		
Specimen test number		FH17311-1-50-2	FH17311-1-50-3	FH17311-1-50-4		
Test Date		30/06/2023	30/06/2023	13/07/2023		
Time to sustained flaming	S	70	63	68		
Observations ^a		No	observations record	led		
Test duration ^b	S	900	900	900	900	
Mass remaining, <i>m</i> _f	g	316.2	309.3	294.5	306.6	
Mass pyrolyzed	%	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.4	
Specimen mass loss ^c	kg/m ²	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	
Specimen mass loss rate ^c	g/m² s	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	
Heat release rate						
peak, \dot{q}'_{\max}	kW/m ²	83.0	78.3	80.7	80.7	
average, \dot{q}''_{avg}						
Over 60 s from ignition ^d	kW/m ²	54.5	53.1	51.2	52.9	
Over 180 s from ignition ^d	kW/m ²	26.4	26.1	24.2	25.6	
Over 300 s from ignition ^d	kW/m ²	19.2	18.1	17.8	18.3	
Total heat released	MJ/m ²	7.4	6.1	6.9	6.8	
Effective heat of combustion ^d , $\Delta h_{c,eff}$	MJ/kg	6.1	4.9	5.8	5.6	

Notes: a no significant observations were recorded

^b determined by test duration of 15 minutes as specified in NZBC Acceptable Solutions Appendix C C7.1.2

^c from start of test

^d from the reading after the last recorded negative value

*negative value recorded as 0

N/R value not recorded



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4. SPECIMEN VARIANCE

The test standard requires the mean heat release rate (HRR) readings over the first 180 s from ignition for the three specimens should differ by no more than 10% of the arithmetic mean of the three readings. In the event of this criterion not being met, a further three specimens are required to be tested.

Specimen ID	Average HRR over 180 s from ignition	Arithmetic mean	% difference from the arithmetic mean
FH17311-1-50-2	26.4		3.4
FH17311-1-50-3	26.1	25.6	1.9
FH17311-1-50-4	24.2		-5.3

Table 3: Heat release rate

Table 3 identifies that all the specimens exposed to 50 kW/m^2 irradiance are within the acceptance criteria. A further set of three tests was thus deemed not to be necessary.

5. SUMMARY

The report summary for the specimens as described in Section 1.1, exposed to an irradiance of 50 kW/m² is given in Table 4 below with rates of heat release illustrated in Figure 2.

Mean Specimen thickness (mm)	Irradiance (kW/m²)	Mean Time to Ignition (s)	Mean Peak Heat Release Rate (kW/m²)	Total Heat Released (MJ/kg)
47.4	50	67	80.7	6.8

Table 4: Report summary for three replicate specimens



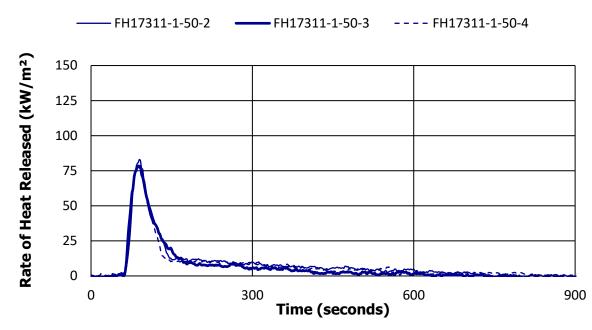


Figure 2: Rate of heat release versus time

6. RESULTS FOR NZBC ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION C/AS1 AND C/AS2

In accordance with NZBC Acceptable Solution C/AS1 Table 5.1 and C/AS2 Table C1.3 for exterior cladding material the mean test results must not exceed the Peak Heat Release rate and Total Heat Release shown in Table 5.

NZBC Acceptable Solution Requirement						
Material Cladding TypeType AType B						
Peak Heat Release rate (kW/m ²)	≤100	≤ 150				
Total Heat Release (MJ/m²) ≤ 25 ≤ 50						

The samples as described in Section 1.1 had the following results when reduced over the 15minute (900 s) period as specified in Appendix C C7.1.2 as shown in Table 7.



	FH17311-	FH17311-	FH17311-	Mean	Performance	
	1-50-2	1-50-3	1-50-4	Mean	C/AS1	C/AS2
Peak Heat Release rate (kW/m²)	83.0	78.3	80.7	80.7	<100 kW/m²	Meets Type A and Type B
Total Heat Release (MJ/m ²)	7.4	6.1	6.9	6.8	<25 MJ/m²	Meets Type A and Type B

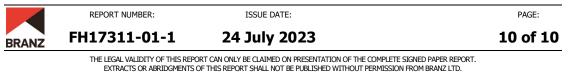
Table 6: NZBC Classification of cladding materials

The tested samples recorded a mean Peak Heat Release of 80.7 KW/m^2 and a mean Total Heat Release of 6.8 MJ/m^2 and it is therefore considered to satisfy the requirements of NZBC Acceptable Solutions C/AS1 and C/AS2.

7. NZBC CONCLUSION

For the purposes of compliance with the relevant building code documents, the following classification is considered applicable to the product as described in Section 1.

Building Code Document	Cladding Material Type	
NZBC Acceptable Solutions C/AS1 Table 5.1	$< 100 \text{ kW/m}^2 \text{ and } < 25 \text{ MJ/m}^2$	
NZBC Acceptable Solutions C/AS2 Table C1.3	Туре А	



FH17311-01-1-C1 CLADDING CLASSIFICATION



This is to certify that the specimen described below was tested by BRANZ in accordance with ISO 5660: Part 1 (2002)

Test Sponsor

Rockcote Resene Limited T/A Resene Construction Systems 5 Venture Place Middleton, Christchurch, 8024 New Zealand

Date of tests

30th June and 13th July 2023

Reference BRANZ Test Report

FH17311-01-1 – issued 24 July 2023

Test specimens as described by the client

Integra AAC Panel painted with Limelock and Resene X200

Nominally 50 mm thick Integra AAC Panel with a mineral base coat and mineral texture painted with Limelock and Resene X200.

Specimen ID	Mass (g)	Thickness (mm)	Apparent Density (kg/m³)	Colour
FH17311-1-50- 2,3,4	317.5*	47.4*	670*	White

Note: *mean value across replicate specimen.

Classification in accordance with the New Zealand Building Code

In accordance with NZBC Acceptable Solution C/AS1 Table 5.1 and C/AS2 Table C1.3, the classification for the samples as described above is given in the table below.

Building Code Document	Criteria	Performance
NZBC Acceptable Solutions C/AS1	Peak Rate of Heat Release	< 100 kW/m²
Table 5.1	Total Heat Released	< 25 MJ/m²
NZBC Acceptable Solutions C/AS2 Table C1.3	Cladding Material Type	Туре А

Issued by

L. Q. Greive Associate Fire Testing Engineer BRANZ

> **Issue Date** 24 July 2023

Reviewed and authorised for release by

L. F. Hersche Fire Testing Engineer BRANZ Regulatory authorities are advised to examine test reports before approving any product.



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