RESENE CONSTRACTION SYSTEMS FIREWOOL RESENE CONSTRUCTION SYSTEMS LTD

Version No: 2.4

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Issue Date: **09/11/2021**Print Date: **09/11/2021**L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier	
Product name	RESENE CONSTRACTION SYSTEMS FIREWOOL
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Jse according to manufacturer's directions
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Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Registered company name	RESENE CONSTRUCTION SYSTEMS LTD
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Naenae Wellington New Zealand
Telephone	+64 4 5770500
Fax	+64 4 5773327
Website	www.resene.co.nz
Email	advice@resene.co.nz

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+61 2 9186 1132
Other emergency telephone numbers	0800 737636	+64 800 700 112

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification [1]	Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 4, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	6.1D (inhalation), 6.4A

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word Wa

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fumes.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.

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Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider/if you feel unwell.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
1344-28-1.	30-50	aluminium oxide
1314-23-4	10-20	zirconium dioxide
7631-86-9	40-60	silica amorphous
Legend:	Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from C Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available	CID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI;

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description	of firet	aid	magairea
Description	Of first	aıd	measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	If dust or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Transport to hospital, or doctor in event of irritation.
Ingestion	 If swallowed doNOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- ▶ Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known.

Advice for firefighters	
Fire Fighting	 When silica dust is dispersed in air, firefighters should wear inhalation protection as hazardous substances from the fire may be adsorbed on the silica particles. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	When silica dust is dispersed in air, firefighters should wear inhalation protection as hazardous substances from the fire may be adsorbed on the silica particles. Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of: silicon dioxide (SiO2) metal oxides When aluminium oxide dust is dispersed in air, firefighters should wear protection against inhalation of dust particles, which can also contain hazardous substances from the fire absorbed on the alumina particles.

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SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	▶ Remove and sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container for recycle or disposable.
Major Spills	Remove and sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container for recycle or disposable.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Safe handling	► Avoid unnecessary personal contact, including inhalation.
Other information	► Store in original packaging.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	As supplied by manufacturer
Storage incompatibility	Soluble in hydrofluoric acid, strong acids and alkali vapours.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	aluminium oxide	α Alumina (Aluminium oxide)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	zirconium dioxide	Particulates not otherwise classified respirable dust	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	zirconium dioxide	Zirconium and compounds, as Zr	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	zirconium dioxide	Particulates not otherwise classified	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Silica-Amorphous: Diatomaceous earth (not calcined)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Silica fused respirable dust	0.2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Silica fume respirable dust	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Silica gel (Silica-Amorphous)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Silica-Amorphous: Silica gel	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Silica-Amorphous: Precipitated silica	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Precipitated silica (Silica-Amorphous)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
aluminium oxide	15 mg/m3	170 mg/m3	990 mg/m3
zirconium dioxide	14 mg/m3	110 mg/m3	680 mg/m3
silica amorphous	18 mg/m3	200 mg/m3	1,200 mg/m3
silica amorphous	18 mg/m3	100 mg/m3	630 mg/m3
silica amorphous	120 mg/m3	1,300 mg/m3	7,900 mg/m3
silica amorphous	45 mg/m3	500 mg/m3	3,000 mg/m3
silica amorphous	18 mg/m3	740 mg/m3	4,500 mg/m3

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Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
aluminium oxide	Not Available	Not Available
zirconium dioxide	25 mg/m3	Not Available
silica amorphous	3,000 mg/m3	Not Available

MATERIAL DATA

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Experience indicates that the following polymers are suitable as glove materials for protection against undissolved, dry solids, where abrasive particles are not present.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	 Employees working with confirmed human carcinogens should be provided with, and be required to wear, clean, full body protective clothing (smocks, coveralls, or long-sleeved shirt and pants), shoe covers and gloves prior to entering the regulated area. Prior to each exit from an area containing confirmed human carcinogens, employees should be required to remove and leave protective clothing and equipment at the point of exit and at the last exit of the day, to place used clothing and equipment in impervious containers at the point of exit for purposes of decontamination or disposal. Overalls.

Respiratory protection

Particulate.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	White fibrous material. Odour none.		
Physical state	Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.96-1.28
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	>1760	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	0
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	0

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	► Stable under conditions of normal use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information	on	toxicological	offocto
information	on	toxicological	enects

information on toxicological el	Tects
Inhaled	Inhalation of dusts, generated by the material, during the course of normal handling, may be harmful. Zirconium workers exposed to fume for 1-5 years showed no abnormalities due to zirconium. Inhalation of freshly formed metal oxide particles sized below 1.5 microns and generally between 0.02 to 0.05 microns may result in 'metal fume fever'. Effects on lungs are significantly enhanced in the presence of respirable particles.
Ingestion	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects following ingestion (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Acute toxic responses to aluminium are confined to the more soluble forms. Not normally a hazard due to the physical form of product. The acute oral toxicities of inorganic zirconium salts is low due to their poor gastrointestinal absorption. Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.
Skin Contact	The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material
Eye	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or may produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals.
Chronic	Practical experience shows that skin contact with the material is capable either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental animals. Chronic exposure to aluminas (aluminium oxides) of particle size 1.2 microns did not produce significant systemic or respiratory system effects in workers. Occupational exposure to aluminium compounds may produce asthma, chronic obstructive lung disease and pulmonary fibrosis. The synthetic, amorphous silicas are believed to represent a very greatly reduced silicosis hazard compared to crystalline silicas and are considered to be nuisance dusts. On the basis, primarily, of animal experiments, concern has been expressed by at least one classification body that the material may produce carcinogenic or mutagenic effects; in respect of the available information, however, there presently exists inadequate data for making a satisfactory assessment.

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TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Not Available	Not Available

aluminium oxide

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Inhalation(Rat) LC50; >2.3 mg/l4h ^[1]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
Oral(Rat) LD50; >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]

zirconium dioxide

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Inhalation(Rat) LC50; >4.3 mg/l4h ^[1]	Not Available
Oral(Rat) LD50; >5000 mg/kg ^[1]	

silica amorphous

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye (rabbit): non-irritating *
Inhalation(Rat) LC50; >0.139 mg/L4h ^[1]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
Oral(Rat) LD50; >1000 mg/kg ^[1]	Skin (rabbit): non-irritating *
	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]

Legend:

1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

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The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. For aluminium compounds:

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	Aluminium present in food and drinking water is poorly absorbed through the gastrointestinal tract.			
SILICA AMORPHOUS	Reports indicate high/prolonged exposures to amorphol effects were reversible. The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3: NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limite	• ,	erimental animals; in some experiments these	
RESENE CONSTRACTION SYSTEMS FIREWOOL & ZIRCONIUM DIOXIDE	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or ever	n years after exposure to the material	ceases.	
RESENE CONSTRACTION SYSTEMS FIREWOOL & SILICA AMORPHOUS	For silica amorphous: Derived No Adverse Effects Level (NOAEL) in the range of 1000 mg/kg/d. In humans, synthetic amorphous silica (SAS) is essentially non-toxic by mouth, skin or eyes, and by inhalation.			
ALUMINIUM OXIDE & ZIRCONIUM DIOXIDE	No significant acute toxicological data identified in litera	iture search.		
Acute Toxicity	~	Carcinogenicity	X	
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	×	
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×	
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×	

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

– Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

ESENE CONSTRACTION	Endpoint	Endpoint Test Duration (hr)			Species	Value		Sourc	e
SYSTEMS FIREWOOL	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Avail	able	Not Av	railable
	Endpoint	Te	est Duration (hr)	Spe	ecies		Value		Source
	EC50	7:	2h	Alga	ae or other aquatic plants		0.2mg/l		2
	EC50	48	3h	Cru	stacea		1.5mg/l		2
aluminium oxide	LC50	90	6h	Fish	1		0.078-0.	.108mg/l	2
	NOEC(ECx)	7:	2h	Alga	ae or other aquatic plants		>100mg	/I	1
	EC50	90	6h	Alga	ae or other aquatic plants		0.024m	g/l	2
	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species			Value	Source
	EC50		72h 96h		Algae or other aquatic plants Fish			>100mg/l	2
zirconium dioxide	LC50							>100mg/l	2
	NOEC(ECx) 72h			Algae or other aquatic plants			32mg/l	2	
	E. L. S.		(D ()				\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
	Endpoint		t Duration (hr)	Spe			Value		Source
	EC0(ECx)	24h		Crus	stacea		>=100	00mg/l	1
silica amorphous	EC50	72h		Alga	e or other aquatic plants		14.1m	g/l	2
Silica amorphous	LC50	96h		Fish			1033.016mg/l		2
	EC50	48h		Crustacea			>86mg/l		2
	EC50	96h		Algae or other aquatic plants		217.57	76mg/l	2	

Amorphous silica is chemically and biologically inert.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
zirconium dioxide	HIGH	HIGH
silica amorphous	LOW	LOW

V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
zirconium dioxide	LOW (LogKOW = 1.429)
silica amorphous	LOW (LogKOW = 0.5294)

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Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
zirconium dioxide	LOW (KOC = 23.74)
silica amorphous	LOW (KOC = 23.74)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	► Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
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Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group	
aluminium oxide	Not Available	
zirconium dioxide	Not Available	
silica amorphous	Not Available	

Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type	
aluminium oxide	Not Available	
zirconium dioxide	Not Available	
silica amorphous	Not Available	

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard	
HSR002544	Construction Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020	

Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit.

aluminium oxide is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

zirconium dioxide is found on the following regulatory lists

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) $\mathop{\rm Act}\nolimits$ - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

silica amorphous is found on the following regulatory lists

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Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for

Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles

Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL)	Liquid (L)	Solid (kg)	Maximum quantity per package for each classification
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (aluminium oxide; zirconium dioxide)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - FBEPH	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	09/11/2021
Initial Date	08/11/2021

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
1.4	08/11/2021	Acute Health (inhaled), Acute Health (swallowed), Chronic Health, Engineering Control, Environmental, First Aid (inhaled), First Aid (swallowed), Ingredients, Personal Protection (other), Physical Properties, Spills (major), Spills (minor), Storage (storage incompatibility)

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

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IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit,

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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